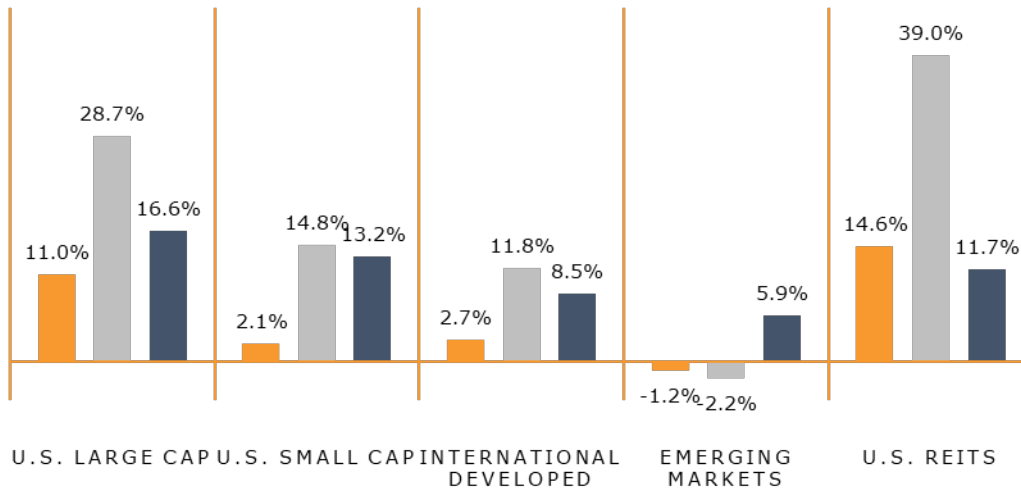
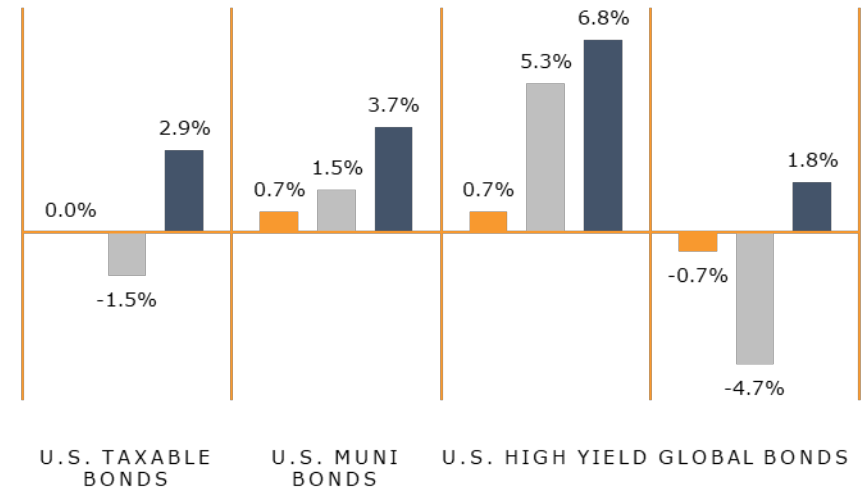


■ 3 Month: 12/30/21 ■ 1 Year ■ 10 Year*

EQUITY MARKETS HIGHLIGHTS



FIXED INCOME MARKETS HIGHLIGHTS



- **U.S. Large Cap Stocks** finished 2021 on a solid note, with the S&P 500 Index up **+11.0%** in Q4 and up **+28.7%** for the calendar year. Large Cap Growth names lead the way in Q4, while Small Cap Value was the standout for the year.
 - Strong corporate earnings growth provided a boost to performance across major U.S. equity sectors. U.S. large cap technology shares were among the leaders which helped growth outperform value in Q4 and the full year.
- **U.S. Small Cap Stocks** continued to lag U.S. Large Caps as concerns over economic growth and the Fed's QE tapering schedule weighed more heavily on small-cap companies. The segment finished the quarter up **+2.1%**.
- **International Developed Stocks** were up **+2.7%** in Q4 with European equities posting healthy returns while Japanese equities finished the quarter down **-3.9%**.
- **Emerging Markets Stocks** fell **-1.2%** in Q4 to finish the year down **-2.2%** as Chinese stocks significantly lagged global equities. Weakness in Q4 stemmed from a stronger U.S. dollar and concerns over the potential impact from the Omicron variant on the economic recovery.
- **U.S. REITS** outperformed U.S. equities in Q4, up **+14.6%**. Property stocks finished the year up **+39.0%** as economic conditions and real estate fundamentals improve.

- **U.S. Taxable Bonds** posted flat returns in Q4 to finish the calendar year down **-1.5%**. Pressure on bond markets stemmed from potential Fed rate hikes coming in sooner than expected combined with elevated inflation that may prove "stickier" than many investors originally anticipated.
- **U.S. Muni Bonds** were up **+0.7%** in Q4, outpacing their taxable counterparts. The segment benefited from strong investor demand combined with limited new-issue supply.
- **U.S. High Yield** credit markets were up **+0.7%** in Q4 and **+5.3%** for the year as investor preference held steady for higher-yielding, lower-quality corporate bonds amidst low rates, high inflation, and improving economic conditions. Strong corporate balance sheets and earnings should support high yield credit in the near-term.
- **Global Bonds** fell **-0.7%** in Q4 and **-4.7%** for the calendar year. Fixed income markets are likely to remain mixed in the near-term as the global economy recovers and central bank policy measures are steadily pared back, pushing interest rates marginally higher.

US Equity Market Snapshot		12/31/21
Sector	3 Month Return	
Real Estate	17.6%	
Technology	16.7%	
Materials	15.1%	
Consumer Cyclical	14.1%	
Utilities	12.9%	
Consumer Defensive	12.8%	
Health Care	11.1%	
Industrials	8.6%	
Energy	7.9%	
Financials	4.6%	
Comm. Services	-2.8%	

CRSP Equity Style Snapshot				12/31/21
	3 Month	Value	Blend	Growth
Large		9.3%	10.1%	10.7%
Mid		8.2%	8.0%	7.8%
Small		6.4%	3.9%	0.6%

Market Indicators							
Name	As of	Last Month**	1 Month Ago	1 Mo. % Change	1 Year Ago	1 Year % Change	Freq.
Key Interest Rates							
1 Month Treasury	12/30/21	0.06%	0.11%	▼ -45.5%	0.06%	▲ 0.0%	Daily
2 Year Treasury	12/30/21	0.73%	0.52%	▲ 40.4%	0.12%	▲ 508.3%	Daily
10 Year Treasury	12/30/21	1.52%	1.43%	▲ 6.3%	0.93%	▲ 63.4%	Daily
30 Year Mortgage	12/30/21	3.11%	3.10%	▲ 0.3%	2.66%	▲ 16.9%	Weekly
US Corporate AAA	12/31/21	2.03%	2.00%	▲ 1.5%	1.55%	▲ 31.0%	Daily
US Corporate BBB	12/31/21	2.60%	2.55%	▲ 2.0%	2.06%	▲ 26.2%	Daily
US Corporate CCC	12/31/21	7.96%	8.32%	▼ -4.3%	8.36%	▼ -4.8%	Daily
Effective Federal Funds	12/31/21	0.07%	0.07%	▲ 0.0%	0.09%	▼ -22.2%	Daily
U.S. Economy							
Consumer Sentiment	12/31/21	70.60	67.40	▲ 4.7%	80.70	▼ -12.5%	Monthly
Unemployment Rate	11/30/21	4.20%	4.80%	▼ -12.5%	6.70%	▼ -37.3%	Monthly
Inflation Rate	11/30/21	6.81%	5.39%	▲ 26.3%	1.17%	▲ 479.7%	Monthly
Manufacturing PMI	12/31/21	58.70	61.10	▼ -3.9%	60.50	▼ -3.0%	Monthly
Non Manufacturing PMI	12/31/21	62.00	69.10	▼ -10.3%	57.70	▲ 7.5%	Monthly
Retail Sales	11/30/21	566,098	554,233	▲ 2.1%	487,600	▲ 16.1%	Monthly
Building Permits	11/30/21	1,712	1,586	▲ 7.9%	1,696	▲ 0.9%	Monthly

Central bank liquidity has fueled the equity rally since pandemic lows in March 2020. The market will likely reach an inflection point where the focus shifts to fundamentals.

- **US Stock Valuations** – CAPE ratio roughly +2 standard deviations above long-term average of 27.4x at 40.1x
- **Bond Market Valuations** – “Yield chasing” theme in low-rate market has driven credit spreads to 30-year lows
- **Inflation** – Accelerating inflation poses risks to the consumer and corporate balance sheets. Negative real rates may challenge near-term growth.
- **Stock Selection** – We expect performance dispersion across asset classes to increase. Fundamentals are likely to have a greater influence on pricing.

Overall, mixed economic growth, rich valuations and accelerating inflation will require selective and diversified exposure across risk assets.

